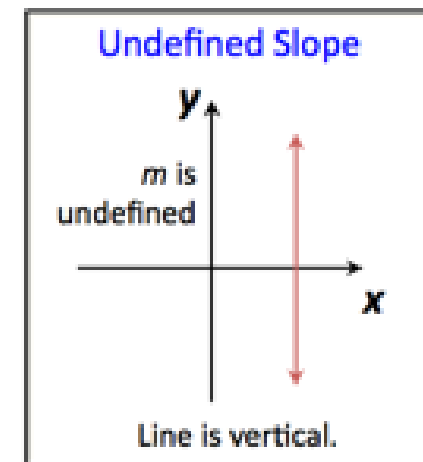
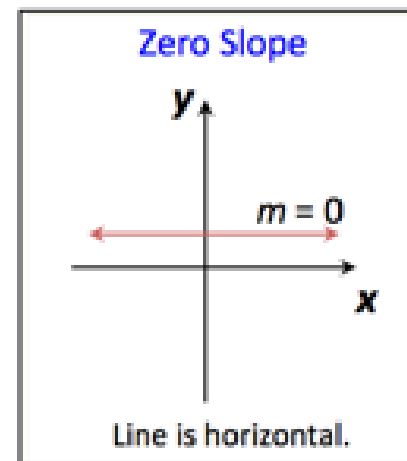
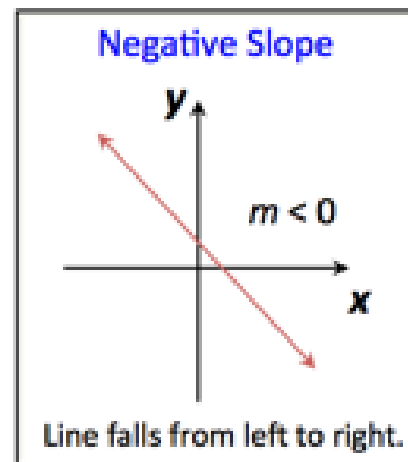
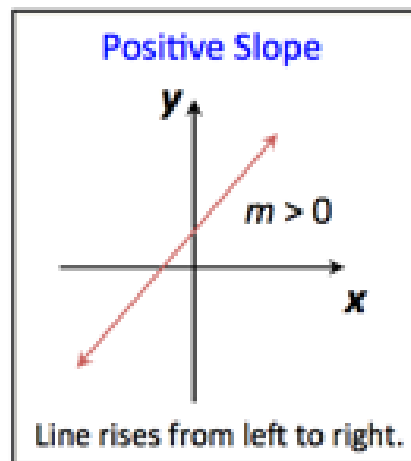


4.3 Find Slope and Rate of Change

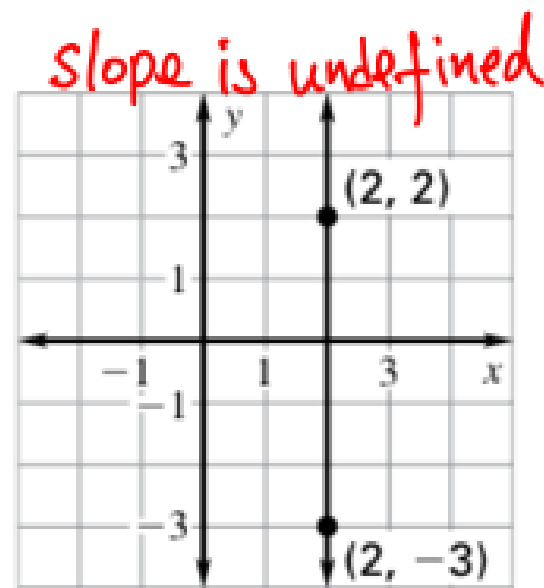
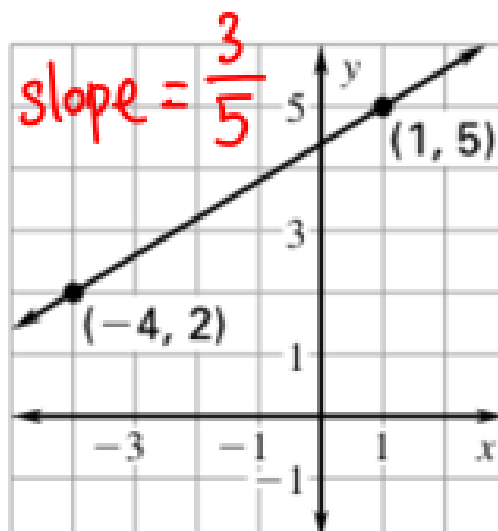
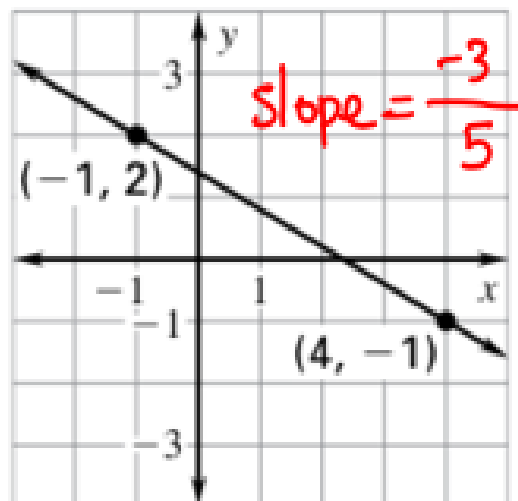
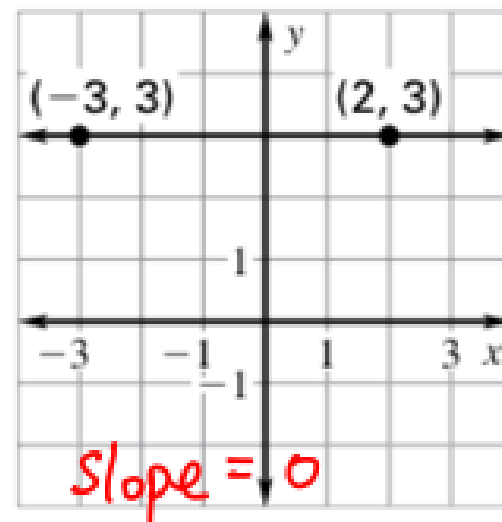
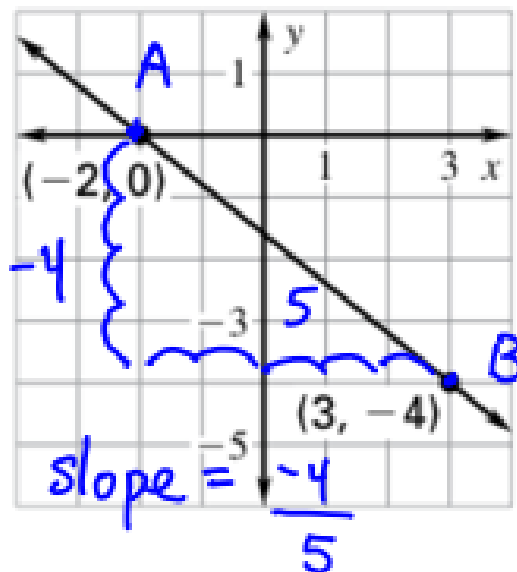
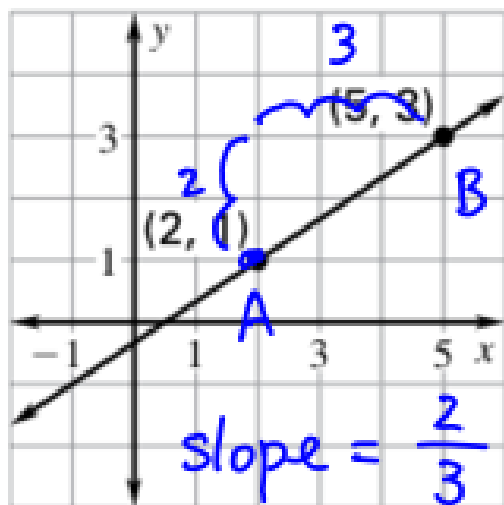
Slope: is the ratio of the **rise to the run** over 2 points of a non-vertical line.

The Possibilities for a Line's Slope



Ex1) Find the slope: $\text{slope} = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{+ \text{up}; - \text{down}}{+ \text{right}; - \text{left}}$

Slope: is the ratio of the **rise to the run** over 2 points of a non-vertical line.



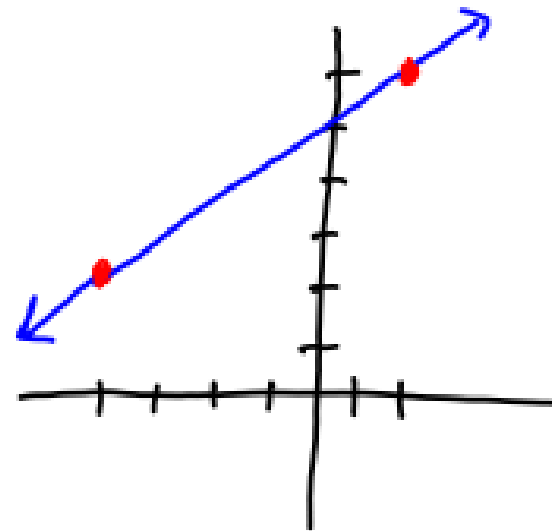
Finding Slope between two given points:

Slope Formula: $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

Ex2) Find the slope of: (-4, 2) and (2, 6)

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

$$m = \frac{6 - 2}{2 - (-4)} = \frac{4}{6} = \boxed{\frac{2}{3}}$$

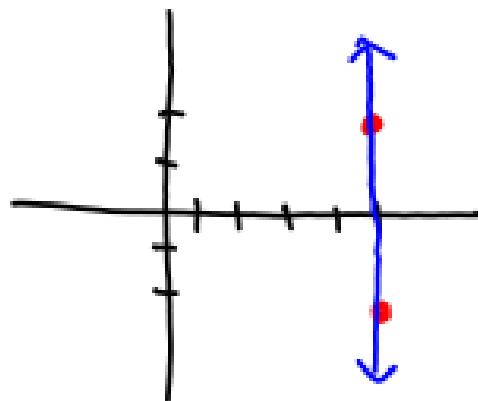


Ex3) Find the slope of: (5, 2) and (5, -2)

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-2 - 2}{5 - 5} = \frac{-4}{0}$$

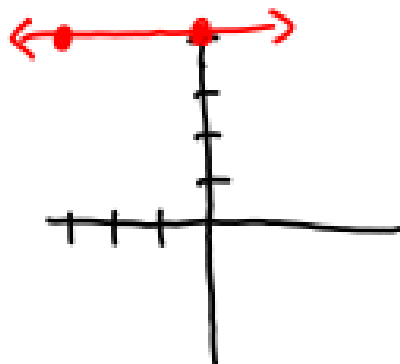
undefined



Ex4) Find the slope of: (0, 4) and (-3, 4)

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

$$m = \frac{4 - 4}{-3 - 0} = \frac{0}{-3} = 0$$



Try) Find the slope of the line that passes through the points.

1. **(5, 2) and (4, -1)**

x_1, y_1

x_2, y_2

$$m = \frac{-1 - 2}{4 - 5}$$

$$= \frac{-3}{-1}$$

$$= \boxed{3}$$

2. **(-2, 3) and (4, 6)**

$$m = \frac{6 - 3}{4 - (-2)}$$

$$= \frac{3}{6}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Ex5) The table shows the cost of using a computer at an Internet cafe for a given amount of time. Find the rate of change in cost^y with respect to time.^x

x	Time (hours)	2	4	6
y	Cost (dollars)	7	14	21

Handwritten annotations: Red arcs above the table connect 2 to 4 (+2) and 4 to 6 (+2). Red arcs below the table connect 7 to 14 (+7) and 14 to 21 (+7).

rate of change

$$= \text{slope} = \frac{\text{changes of } y}{\text{changes of } x}$$

$$\text{ROC} = \frac{7}{2} = 3.5$$

The rate of change is \$3.50 per hour.

Try) The table shows the distance a person walks for exercise. Find the **rate of change** in distance with respect to time.

Time x (minutes)	Distance y (miles)
30	1.5
60	3
90	4.5

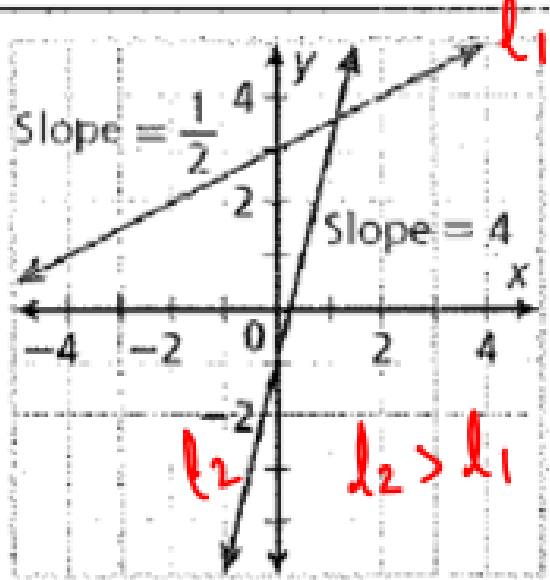
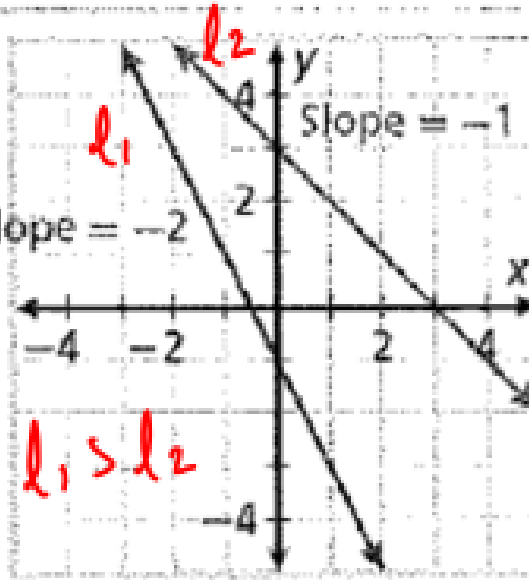
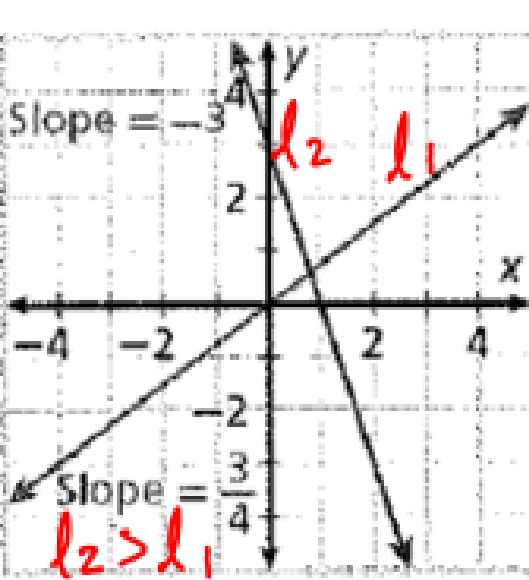
$$ROC = \frac{\text{change of } y}{\text{change of } x}$$

$$= \frac{1.5}{30} = 0.05$$

The rate of change is
0.05 miles per minute.

Comparing Slopes

A line's slope is measure of its **steepness**.

 <p>A coordinate plane with x and y axes ranging from -4 to 4. Two lines are plotted: l_1 with a slope of $\frac{1}{2}$ and l_2 with a slope of 4. The line with slope 4 is steeper than the line with slope $\frac{1}{2}$. Handwritten red text indicates $l_2 > l_1$.</p>	 <p>A coordinate plane with x and y axes ranging from -4 to 4. Two lines are plotted: l_1 with a slope of -2 and l_2 with a slope of -1. The line with slope -2 is steeper than the line with slope -1. Handwritten red text indicates $l_1 > l_2$.</p>	 <p>A coordinate plane with x and y axes ranging from -4 to 4. Two lines are plotted: l_1 with a slope of $\frac{3}{4}$ and l_2 with a slope of -3. The line with slope -3 is steeper than the line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$. Handwritten red text indicates $l_2 > l_1$.</p>
<p>The line with slope 4 is steeper than the line with slope $\frac{1}{2}$.</p> $ 4 > \left \frac{1}{2} \right $	<p>The line with slope -2 is steeper than the line with slope -1.</p> $ -2 > -1 $	<p>The line with slope -3 is steeper than the line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$.</p> $ -3 > \left \frac{3}{4} \right $

Finding Slope from an Equation

Standard Form: $Ax + By = C$ (A must be positive)

Slope-intercept Form: $y = mx + b$

↑ ↑

slope y-int

Graph the Equation:

↑

$$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{+ \text{up} ; - \text{down}}{\text{right}}$$

Ex6) Find the slope and y-intercept of the line described by the equation. $y = mx + b$ (get y alone)

a) $-2x - 5y = 10$

$+2x$ $+2x$

$$\frac{-5y}{-5} = \frac{2x}{-5} + \frac{10}{-5}$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{5}x - 2$$

Slope = $-\frac{2}{5}$

y-int : (0, -2)

b) $4x + 2y = 8$

$-4x$ $-4x$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-4x}{2} + \frac{8}{2}$$

$$y = -2x + 4$$

slope = -2

y-int : (0, 4)

$$c) \quad -6x + 2y = 5$$

$$\quad \quad \quad +6x \quad \quad \quad +6x$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{6x}{2} + \frac{5}{2}$$

$$y = 3x + \frac{5}{2}$$

Slope = 3

y-int : $(0, \frac{5}{2})$

$$e) \quad \frac{2y}{2} = \frac{8}{2}$$

$$y = 4$$

No x-int

Horizontal

Slope = 0

y-int (0, 4)

$$d) \quad \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{2}{4}y = 1 \quad \text{get common denominator}$$

$$\frac{4}{12}x - \frac{6}{12}y = \frac{12}{12}$$

$$4x - 6y = 12$$

$$-4x \quad \quad \quad -4x$$

$$\frac{-6y}{-6} = \frac{-4x + 12}{-6}$$

Slope = $\frac{2}{3}$

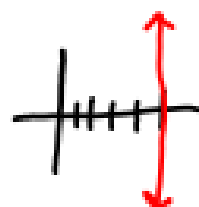
y-int : $(0, -2)$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$$

$$f) \quad 3x - 7 = 8$$

No y-int; Vertical
Slope is undefined

$$x = 5$$



Try) Find the slope and y-intercept of the line described by the equation.

1) $-4x + 8y = 32$

$$8y = 4x + 32$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$

$$\text{slope} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{y-int} : (0, 4)$$

2) $8x - 6y = 24$

$$-6y = -8x + 24$$

$$y = \frac{4}{3}x - 4$$

$$\text{slope} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\text{y-int} : (0, -4)$$

3) $-5x + 2y = 3$

$$2y = 5x + 3$$

$$y = \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\text{slope} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\text{y-int} : (0, \frac{3}{2})$$