

Write the equation of the transformed function, $f(x)$.

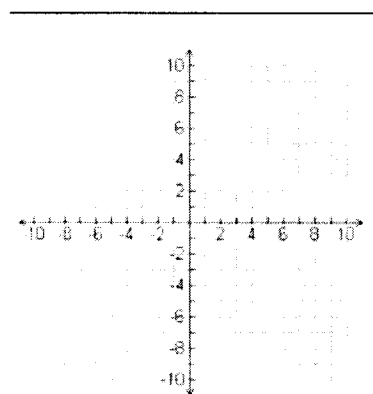
- 1) Absolute value: vertical shift down 5, horizontal shift right 3: _____
- 2) Linear: vertical shift up 5: _____
- 3) Square Root: vertical shift down 2, horizontal shift left 7: _____
- 4) Quadratic: horizontal shift left 8: _____
- 5) Quadratic: vertex at $(-5, -2)$: _____

State the parent function and describe the transformation represented. Then sketch the graph.

6) $f(x) = x^2 - 6$

Parent: _____

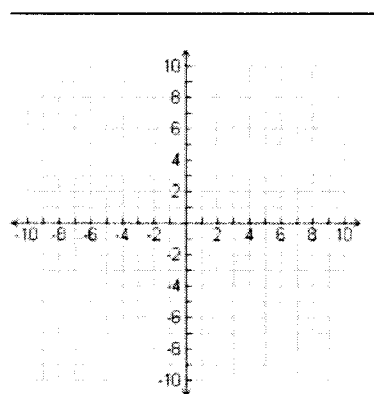
Transformations:



7) $f(x) = (x - 1)^2$

Parent: _____

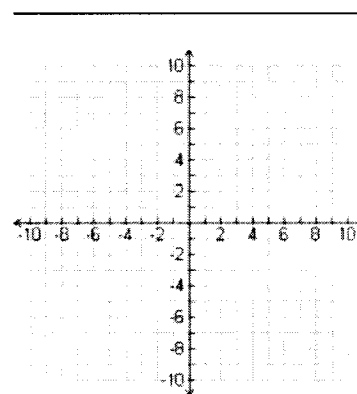
Transformations:



8) $g(x) = (x + 1)^2 + 3$

Parent: _____

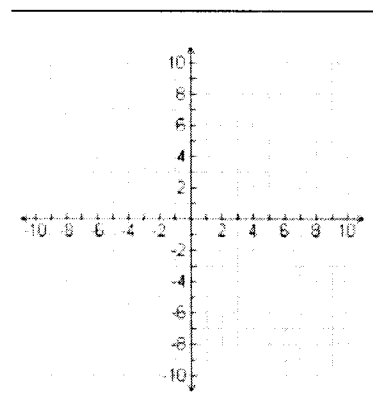
Transformations:



9) $f(x) = x - 2$

Parent: _____

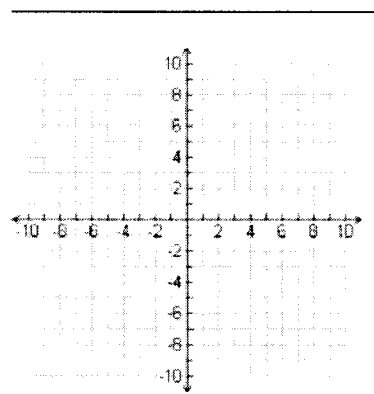
Transformations:



10) $f(x) = x^2 + 2$

Parent: _____

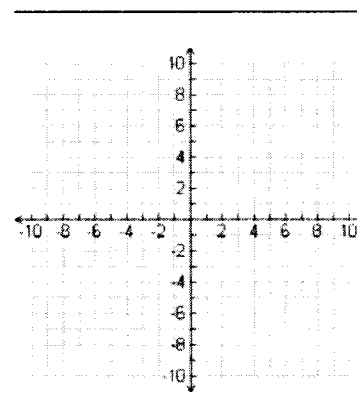
Transformations:



11) $g(x) = 3(x + 1)^2$

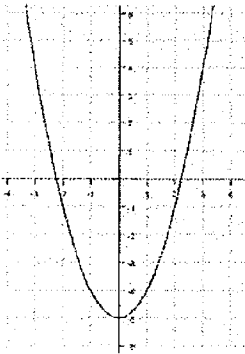
Parent: _____

Transformations:

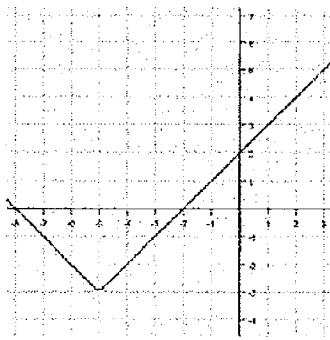


Write the equation for the following translations of their particular parent graphs. You may use $y=$ or function notation (the $f(x)$ type notation).

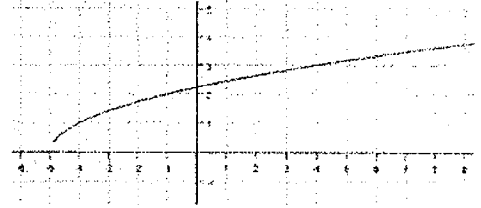
12) _____



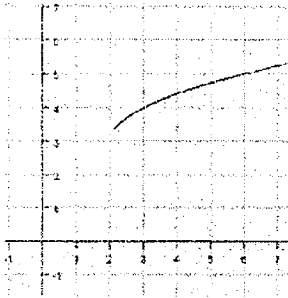
13) _____



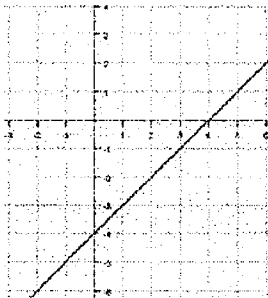
14) _____



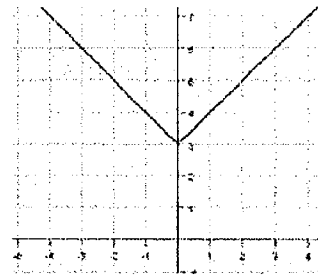
15) _____



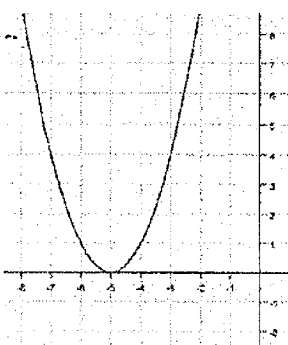
16) _____



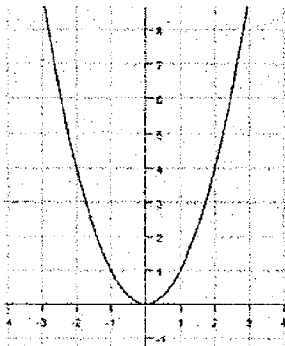
17) _____



18) _____



19) _____



20) _____

